COMMITTEE:	DATE:	CLASSIFICATION:	REPORT NO.	AGENDA NO.
Pensions Committee	21 February 2013	Unrestricted		
REPORT OF:	TITLE: Report of Investment Panel for Quarter Ending 30 September 2012.			
Interim Corporate Director of Resources				
ORIGINATING OFFICER(S):		.gp.		
Oladapo Shonola – Chief Financial Strate	Ward(s) affected: N/A			

Lead Member	Cllr Alibor Choudhury - Resources
Community Plan Theme	All
Strategic Priority	One Tower Hamlets

1. <u>SUMMARY</u>

- 1.1 This report informs Members of the activities of the Investment Panel and the performance of the Fund and its investment managers for the period ending 30 September 2012.
- 1.2 In the quarter to the end of September 2012the Fund achieved a return of 2.6% which is 0.1% above the benchmark of 2.5%. The twelve month Fund return of 10.2% is in line with benchmark at 10.3%. Over the longer term, performance slightly lags benchmark by 0.3% and 0.4% for three and ten year periods respectively.
- 1.3 Six managers matched or achieved returns above the benchmark and the other two were below. The variability of returns does however partially reflect the management structure of the fund where complementary investment styles reduce the volatility of overall portfolio returns.
- 1.4 The Fund investment in equity is in line with long term strategic equity asset allocation and the distribution of the Fund's assets amongst the different asset classes is also broadly in line with benchmark.

2. DECISIONS REQUIRED

2.1 Members are recommended to note the contents of this report.

3. REASONS FOR DECISIONS

3.1 There are no decisions to be made as a result of this report. The report is written to inform committee members of the performance of pension fund managers and the overall performance of the Tower Hamlets Pension Fund.

4. <u>ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS</u>

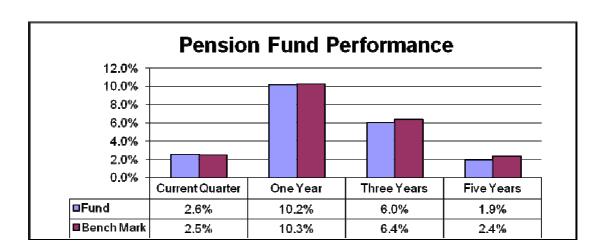
4.1 The Pension Fund Regulations require that the Council establishes arrangements for monitoring the investments of the Pension Fund.

5. BACKGROUND

- 5.1 The Pension Fund Regulations require that the Council establish arrangements for monitoring the investments of the Fund and the activities of the investment managers and ensure that proper advice is obtained on investment issues.
- 5.2 This Committee has established the Investment Panel, which meets quarterly for this purpose. The Panel's membership comprises all Members of the Pensions Committee, an Investment Professional as Chair, an Independent Investment Adviser, and the Corporate Director of Resources represented by the Service Head Financial Services, Risk and Accountability, one trade union representatives and one representative of the admitted bodies. The Investment Panel is an advisory body which makes recommendations to the Pensions Committee which is the decision making body.
- 5.3. Officers and fund advisers meet regularly with investment managers to discuss their strategy and performance and may recommend that investment managers are invited to explain further to the Investment Panel.
- 5.4 This report informs Members of the activities of the Investment Panel and performance of the Fund and its investment managers for the period ending30 September 2012.

6INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

- 6.1 The Fund achieved a return of 2.6%in the quarter which is0.1%above the benchmark of 2.5%.
- 6.2 The performance of the fund over the longer term is as set out in table 1.



6.3 The chart demonstrates the volatility and cyclical nature of financial markets, but the outcomes are within the range of expectations used by the Fund actuary in assessing the funding position. The Fund can take a long term perspective on investment issues principally because a high proportion of its pensions liabilities are up to sixty years in the future. Consequently it can effectively ride out short term volatility in markets.

7. MANAGERS

7.1 The Fund currently employs eight specialist managers with mandates corresponding to the principal asset classes. The managers, mandateand funds held under management are set out below:

Table 2: Management Structure

Manager	Mandate	Value £M	Target % of Fund	Actual % of Fund	Difference %	Date Appointed
GMO	Global Equity	197.5	25.0%	23.8%	-1.2%	29 Apr 2005
Baillie Gifford	Global Equity	136.8	16.0%	16.5%	0.5%	5 Jul 2007
L & G UK Equity	UK Equity	169.8	20.0%	20.5%	0.5%	2 Aug 2010
Baillie Gifford Diversified Growth	Absolute Return	42.9	5.0%	5.2%	0.2%	22 Feb 2011
Ruffer Total Return Fund	Absolute Return	40.2	5.0%	4.8%	-0.2%	8 Mar 2011
L & G Index Linked- Gilts	UK Index Linked	44.9	3.0%	5.4%	2.4%	2 Aug 2010
Investec Bonds	Bonds	96.0	14.0%	11.6%	-2.4%	26 Apr 2010
Schroder	Property	94.5	12.0%	11.4%	-0.6%	30 Sep 2004
Cash	Currency	7.5	0.0%	0.9%	0.9%	
Total		830.2	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	

- 7.2 The fund value of £830.2 million as at 30 September 2012, which includes cash held, has increased by £19.9 million (2.46%) over the quarter.
- 7.3 The performance of the individual managers relative to the appropriate benchmarksover the past five years is as set out in table 3.

Table 3: Manager Investment Performance relative to benchmark

Manager	Current Quarter	One Year	Three Years	Five Years
GMO	-0.60%	-2.50%	-0.50%	-0.30%
Baillie Gifford	1.30%	1.40%	2.70%	2.20%
L & G UK Equity	0.00%	0.10%	0.20%	N/A
Baillie Gifford Diversified Growth	2.20%	8.60%	4.40%	N/A
Ruffer Total Return Fund	1.00%	1.50%	-0.60%	N/A
L & G Index Linked-Gilts	0.00%	0.10%	0.00%	N/A
Investec Bonds	0.80%	2.40%	-1.80%	N/A
Schroder	-0.70%	-2.60%	-2.50%	-1.30%
Total Variance (Relative)	0.10%	0.00%	-0.30%	-0.40%

- 7.4 **GMO**performed in line with benchmark in this quarter at 3.1% against a benchmark of 3.8% giving a relative performance of -0.6%. Overall, stock selection had neutral impact on performance. Although aggregate position in Financials detracted from performance, European Financials were particularly strong through the quarter and therefore added value. In anticipation of turbulent markets ahead, GMO are proposing to minimise exposure to stocks that have been classed as high valuation by short term investors and instead lean toward investments that are protected by low valuation, but regarded as high quality in Europe and USA.
- 7.5 **Baillie Gifford** recovered from a negative relative performance in the previous quarter to post strong third quarter performance. The portfolio delivered return of 5.3% against a benchmark of 3.9% resulting in relative outperformance of 1.3%. Contribution to outperformance was spread across the portfolio, with the majority of stockholdings making small gains. The largest contributors to performance were Naspers, a South African media company and Namco Bandai, a Japanese computer games company.
- 7.6 **L & G (UK Equity)** performance has been in line with the index benchmark (FTSE-All Share) since inception, as expected.
- 7.7 **L & G Index Linked Gilts**performance has been in line with the index benchmark (FTSE-A Index-Linked Over 15 Years Gilts) since inception.
- 7.8 **Investec (Bonds)** delivered a return of 0.9% this quarter against a benchmark of 0.1%, which equates to outperformance of 0.8%. The main contributor to outperformance was exposure to emerging markets where monetary policy in developed world was favourable to emerging markets exchange rates. Exposure to corporate bonds was reduced through the quarter and the manager crystallised gains in a number of positions that had rallied following underperformance in previous periods. Performance since inception still lags benchmark.
- 7.9 **Schroder (Property)** delivered a return of -0.3% this quarter against a benchmark of 0.4%, which equates to a relative underperformance of -0.7%. European propertycontinues to detract from performance, a situation that is made worse by the fall in the value of the Euro relative to Sterling. The performance of the European portfolio is expected to continue to be a source of weakness to performance for some time to given that exiting the investment will lead to significant loss to the Fund. The UK portfolio performance trended downward this quarter adding to overall underperformance. Going forward the manager is keen to invest in low geared, balanced property funds and other funds targeting an income focussed approach as the manager believes this to be the approach most suited to the current economic environment.
- 7.10 **Baillie Gifford Diversified Growth Fund (Absolute Return)**delivered a return of 2.3% this quarter against a benchmark of 0.1%, which equates to a relative outperformance of 2.2%. The Baillie Gifford absolute return mandate, continue to perform strongly as it has done since inception.
- 7.11 **Ruffer Total Return Fund (Absolute Return)** delivered a return of 1.2 % this quarter against a benchmark of 0.2%, which equates to a relative outperformance of 1.0%. The fund had positive contributions from gold and gold equity holdings following further quantitative easing announcement in the USA. Although, exposure to US dollar detracted from performance.

8 ASSET ALLOCATION

- 8.1 The allocation of investments between the different asset classes was determined in conjunction with the Council's professional advisors in 2004 and is subject to periodic review by the Investment Panel the latest review was carried out in January 2011. Asset allocation is determined by a number of factors including:-
 - 8.1.1 The risk profile. Generally there is a trade-off between the returns obtainable on investments and the level of risk. Equities have higher potential returns but this is achieved with higher volatility. However, as the Fund remains open to new members and able to tolerate thisit can seek long term benefits of the increased returns.
 - 8.1.2 The age profile of the Fund. The younger the members of the Fund, the longer the period before pensions become payable and investments have to be realised for this purpose. This enables the Fund to invest in more volatile asset classes because it has the capacity to ride out adverse movements in the investment cycle.
 - 8.1.3 The deficit recovery term. All Council funds are in deficit because of falling investment returns and increasing life expectancy. The actuary determines the period over which the deficit is to be recovered and considers the need to stabilise the employer's contribution rate. The actuary has set a twenty year deficit recovery term for this Council which enables a longer term investment perspective to be taken.
- 8.2 The benchmark asset distribution and the position as at 30 September 2012are as set out below:

Table 4: Asset Allocation

	Benchmark 30 Sep	Fund	Variance as at 30	Variance as at 31
Mandate	2012	Position	Sep 2012	Mar 2012
UK Equities	20.0%	20.5%	0.5%	0.0%
Global Equities	41.0%	40.3%	-0.7%	-0.4%
Total Equities	61.0%	60.7%	-0.3%	-0.4%
Property	12.0%	11.4%	-0.6%	-0.5%
Bonds	14.0%	11.6%	-2.4%	-2.5%
UK Index Linked	3.0%	5.4%	2.4%	2.5%
Alternatives	10.0%	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cash	0.0%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%
Currency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Equities	100.0%	100.0%		

8.3 Allocations are therefore considered to be broadly in line with the benchmark. Individual managers have discretion within defined limits to vary the asset distribution.

9. COMMENTS OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

9.1. The comments of the Corporate Director Resources have been incorporated into the report.

10. <u>CONCURRENT REPORT OF THE ASSISTANT CHIEF EXECUTIVE</u> (LEGAL)

- 10.1 The Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2009 require the Council, as an administering authority, to invest fund money that is not needed immediately to make payments from the Pensions Fund. The Council is required to have a policy in relation to its investments and a Statement of Investment Principles. The Council is required to take advice about its investments.
- 10.2 The Council does not have to invest the fund money itself and may appoint one or more investment managers. Where the Council appoints an investment manager, it must keep the manager's performance under review. At least once every three months the Council must review the investments that the manager has made and, periodically, the Council must consider whether or not to retain that manager.
- 10.3 One of the functions of the Pensions Committee is to meet the Council's duties in respect of investment matters. It is appropriate, having regard to these matters, for the Committee to receive information about asset allocation and the performance of appointed investment managers.

11. ONE TOWER HAMLETS CONSIDERATIONS

- 11.1 The employer's contribution is a significant element of the Council's budget and consequently any improvement in investment performance will reduce the contribution and increase the funds available for other corporate priorities.
- 11.2 A viable pension scheme also represents an asset for the recruitment and retention of staff to deliver services to the residents.

12. SUSTAINABLE ACTION FOR A GREENER ENVIRONMENT

12.1 There is no Sustainable Action for A Greener Environment implication arising from this report.

13. RISK MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS

- 13.1 Any form of investment inevitably involves a degree of risk.
- 13.2 To minimise risk the Investment Panel attempts to achieve a diversified portfolio. Diversification relates to asset classes and management styles.

14. CRIME AND DISORDER REDUCTION IMPLICATIONS

14.1 There are no crime and disorder reduction implications arising from this report.

15. EFFICIENCY STATEMENT

15.1 The monitoring arrangement for the Pension Fund and the work of the Pension Fund Investment Panel should ensure that the Fund optimises the use of its resources in achieving the best returns for the Council and members of the Fund.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1972 (AS AMENDED) SECTION 100D

LIST OF "BACKGROUND PAPERS" USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS REPORT

Brief description of "background papers"

Review of Investment Managers' Performance for the 3rd Quarter Report 2012 – prepared by Hymans Robertson IIP

Name and telephone number of holder And address where open to inspection

Oladapo Shonola Ext. 4733 Mulberry Place, 4th Floor.